

Table World-Wide Spread of Angoumois Grain Moth, *Sitotroga cerealella*, 51 countries, colonies, and islands (After Simmons and Ellington 1932)

1. Algeria - Prevalent. Three or four generations per year.
2. Argentina - Common near Buenos Aires in 1874. (First record in South America.)
3. Australia - Caused serious damage in 1889; frequently injurious to maize.
4. Austria
5. Belgium
6. British Guiana Attacks barley, both in storage and in the field.
7. British Isles
8. Bulgaria
9. Burma - Known as the paddy grain moth.
10. Canada - Unimportant because of cold climate; frequently imported.
11. Canary Islands
12. Ceylon - Observed infesting rice.
13. Corsica
14. Czechoslovakia - Has been reported as far north as Prague.
15. Dutch Guiana
16. Egypt Chiefly injurious to barley.
17. Federated Malay States.
18. Fiji Islands
19. France - Known as a pest before 1736. Formerly caused great losses.
20. French Indo-China - Attacks rice.
21. Germany - Not common.
22. Hawaiian Islands - First recorded in 1909. Attacks harvested and standing rice and stored maize.
23. Hungary
24. India - Sporadically a major pest. Originally recorded in 1891.
25. Italy - First reported in 1759. Five annual generations in southern Italy.
26. Italian Libya - Observed infesting barley in Cyrenaica.
27. Jamaica
28. Japan - A pest of rice, maize, wheat, and buckwheat.
29. Java - An enemy of rice.
30. Madagascar - Attacks rice.
31. Madeira Islands
32. Malaya - One of the five leading insect pests of stored rice.
33. Mexico - Recorded for the most part as infesting maize.
34. Netherlands
35. New Zealand
36. Nyasaland - One of the two most destructive stored-grain insects.
37. Philippine Islands
38. Poland
39. Puerto Rico - An important pest of maize.
40. Rhodesia
41. Romania
42. San Domingo - An enemy of maize.

43. Sierra Leone
 44. Spain - One of the four principal stored-cereal insects.
 45. Sweden
 46. Tanganyika Territory.- Infests cowpeas, beans, sorghum, and bulrush millet.
 47. Republic of Tunisia
 48. U. S. S. Republics - In some years very destructive, especially to maize, in southern European areas and in Transcaucasia. Recorded from Siberia.
 49. Union of South Africa
 50. United States of America - Became established about 1730. Heavy losses continue to occur at intervals.
 51. Uruguay - An important enemy of cereals
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